## Claims

- A process for increasing the yield of plants comprising transforming a plant with at least one recombinant DNA construct comprising
  - (a) a region allowing the transcription specifically in the companion cells; and operatively linked thereto
  - (b) a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) proteins with an enzymatic activity that cleaves sucrose;
  - (ii) sucrose transporters;
  - (iii) proteins the activity of which leads to the stimulation of the proton gradients located at the plasma membrane of plant cells; and
  - (iv) citrate synthases;

wherein said at least one construct is stably integrated into the genome of said plant and wherein the expression of said nucleotide results in an increase in plant yield.

- 2. The process of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a plant protein.
- 3. The process of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a protein from a bacterium or a fungus.
- 4. The process of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a protein with an enzymatic activity that cleaves sucrose, selected from the group consisting of sucrose synthases, sucrose phosphorylases and invertases.
- 5. The process according to claim 1, wherein the region mentioned in (a) is the *rolC* promoter from *Agrobacterium rhizogenes*.
- 6. A recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising
  - (a) a region allowing the transcription specifically in the companion cells of plants; and operatively linked thereto

- (b) a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of
  - (i) sucrose synthases;
  - (ii) sucrose phosphorylases;
  - (iii) sucrose transporters;
  - (iv) proteins the activity of which leads to the stimulation of the proton gradient located at the plasma membrane of plant cells; and
  - (v) citrate synthases,

wherein said recombinant nucleic acid molecule, when stably integrated into the genome of plants and expressed, leads to an increase of the yield of plants.

- 7. A vector comprising the recombinant nucleic acid molecule of claim 6.
- 8. The vector of claim 7, wherein the vector is suitable for transformation of plant cells and for integration of foreign DNA into the plant genome.
- 9. A plant cell transformed with and comprising a recombinant nucleic acid molecule of claim 6.
- 10. A plant comprising plant cells of claim 9, wherein the plant shows an increased yield in comparison to a corresponding non-transformed plant due to the expression of the recombinant nucleic acid molecule in the companion cells of the plant.
- 11. Propagation material of a plant of claim 10.
- 12. Use of a recombinant nucleic acid molecule containing a region allowing the transcription specifically in the companion cells of plants and operatively linked thereto a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of
  - (i) proteins with an enzymatic activity that cleaves sucrose;
  - (ii) sucrose transporters;
  - (iii) proteins the activity of which leads to the stimulation of the proton gradient located at the plasma membrane; and

(iv) citrate synthases,for the expression in transgenic plants for increasing the yield.